Report and Accounts

31 December 2009

Report and accounts Contents

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Trustees

Mr Z. Quereshi

Mr Y. Fassil

Dr T. Mesfin

Dr. H. Terefe

Ms T. Aanchawan

Ms D. Appels

Prof. G. Oba

Mr. G. Fida

Prof J. F. Morton

Secretary

Dr. Z. Fre

Company Number

2658932

(England & Wales)

Charity Number

1038957

Registered Office

1 Laney House Portpool Lane London EC1N 7UL

Auditors

Accounts Center Associates Limited 492 Gale Street Dagenham Essex RM9 4NU 020 8595 8333

Bankers

National Westminster Bank plc Chancery Lane and Holborn Branch PO Box 159 322 High Holborn London WC1V 7PS

Chairperson

Treasurer

Trustees' Report

The trustees present the project report and accounts for the period ended 31 December 2009. This abridged report forms part of and should be read in conjunction with the detailed project reports produced during the period.

During 2009 PENHA experienced a steady growth institutionally in terms of its human capacity and increased donor support despite the difficult economic situation in the world. We have increased our man power capacity at country offices by 30% and increased the number of our internees/volunteers in our London office by 40%.PENHA has few core paid staff in several countries but much of our work is carried out by technical advisors, research associates and post graduate volunteers under the leadership of our core staff.

The African Region where PENHA operates is one of the politically and economically volatile regions of the continent where conflicts, droughts and food insecurity are common occurrences. Despite such odds PENHA has been able to deliver its services to the most vulnerable nomadic and semi-nomadic communities in Sudan, Uganda, Eritrea and Somaliland. The PENHA Headquarters in London provides monitoring, management, administrative, financial support and guidance to all the country offices

The following is a brief update on the achievements during 2009.

The PENHA London Office

- Provided ongoing management support, advice and information to PENHA's offices in Somaliland, Sudan, Uganda and Eritrea and assisting with fund-raising funds internationally for PENHA's country programmes.
- London based project officers and the Executive Director undertook several monitoring field visits to the PENHA countries and assisted in preparing progress reports to PENHA 's donors

Strengthened PENHA's own internal structures by establishing functional country chapters and consolidating the PENHA country programme support unit within the Head office

- Recruited new volunteers
- Developed and kept up-to-date PENHA's website in order to disseminate information about pastoralism in the Horn of Africa and as a fundraising tool Continued to Identify new funding sources for PENHA with the purpose of diversifying PENHA 's funding base
- Preparing audited accounts for donors and statutory bodies Widening the international network by participating in international and national forums interested on African affairs
- Continued to develop the long term plans for PENHA at the Horn of Africa level, the individual country level and in the international office in London

The Trustees are also very proud to report that Joanna Lumley has agreed to become PENHA's first Patron. We look forward to working with her.

Trustees' Report

Uganda

At the beginning of 2009, a series of Animal Husbandry (Livestock Management) training workshops were held for a total of 204 Farm Field School (FFS) facilitators from the Acholi, Lango and Teso regions of northern and eastern Uganda. About one quarter of the trainees were women. This is part of the recovery programme from 20 years of suffering from the violent depredations of the Lords Resistance Army (or in the case of Teso, from the Karamajong). The result of these attacks was the loss of livestock as well the inability to undertake normal farm activities. The aim of the programme is to restore lost husbandry skills by training local 'facilitators' at centres across the region, who will then train local farmers and maintain breeding stock to support restocking efforts.

The training was followed up two or three months later by visits to many of the trainees to see what progress had been made. In general, there was a major improvement in the capacity of the trainees in both managing their own livestock as well as the training of others. In addition, PENHA Uganda developed and produced a "Livestock Management Training Manual". This is available on the PENHA website. These three linked activities were done in partnership with the Food and Agricultural Organisation in Uganda.

A study has been made of the Ankole Long horned cattle by a member of PENHA staff with the support of the League for Pastoral Peoples and Endogenous Livestock Development (LPP). This was a participatory study, with herders from her own pastoralist community, aimed at documenting indigenous animal genetic resources and bringing out pastoralists' own perspectives on livestock development. It is to be published and disseminated as a joint LPP-PENHA publication, in both English and Runyankore.

PENHA-Uganda has continued its role as the national focal point organization for Oxfam Novib's regional Resource Based Conflict (RBC) Network. A Senior PENHA Associate led a study on the conflict between Basongora pastoralists in the far west of Uganda and the authorities at the Queen Elizabeth National Park. A conflict mapping study was delegated to local partners MADEFO (the Matheniko Development Forum), based in Karamoja and therefore better able to assess the cross-border Karamoja-Turkana conflict between Ugandan and Kenyan pastoralists.

PENHA-Uganda has played an important coordinating role in the regional Women's Economic Empowerment programme, shaping the analytical and training components of the programme, and contributing to the management of the programme in Somaliland and Sudan. The programme aims to empower pastoralist women economically by equipping them with business skills and information, as well as increasing their access to finance and their participation in business networks. This year, PENHA-Uganda conducted a Socio-Economic Baseline Study using field assessments conducted in pastoral and agro-pastoral communities across central and western Uganda. This study has been published on the PENHA website. This programme is supported by the Danish government.

PENHA-Uganda's exotic goats breeding centre at the Nkoma Farm continues to produce high quality cross-bred goats (with imported South African Boer goats and local Mubende goats) and goats continue to be distributed to local women's groups. However there is a need for new investment in pure Boer breeding stock, water supply and the establishment of high quality feed.

Trustees' Report

Somaliland

Somaliland is the only country in the region in which pastoralists make up a majority of the population. PENHA-Somaliland, established in 2001, has worked consistently to address pastoralists' concerns at the grassroots and policy levels. It continues to collaborate with ministries, particularly the Ministry of Pastoral Development and Environment, district authorities, village committees, a number of local NGOs and CBOs, as well as international NGOs and UN agencies.

PENHA-Somaliland was selected as the lead agency to conduct a training programme on "Gender Mainstreaming & Leadership Trajectory" (GMLT) which had been designed by Oxfam Novib. The object of the training was to strengthen the capacity of Somali NGOs to address gender and HIV/AIDS issues systematically in their programming and organizational development. A training workshop was organised in March 2009 where 11 organisations undertook a GMLT exercise aimed at creating evidence-based change towards more gender sensitivity and practice, at the level of counterparts' organizations, their programmes and the communities they work with. Southern Somali organizations have participated in training workshops in Hargeisa. This programme is an important contribution to gender equality, working against traditionalism and Islamic fundamentalism that strongly opposes women's advancement.

The regional Women's Economic Empowerment Programme is being developed in Somaliland. Several field visits have been made to assess local conditions in the project areas and to gain the support of key local actors, including local authorities, elders and village committees. This programme is supported by the Danish government.

PENHA is the national focal point organization in Somaliland for the RBC Network, leading 32 organizations across Somaliland. Capacity building involves training in policy advocacy and campaign skills and is based on RBC's regional training guide and resource pack. In 2009, PENHA trained 15 local and international organizations. It also undertook two major conflict mapping exercises, one in Somaliland and the second a cross border mapping, conducted jointly with the network's focal point organization for Puntland. The information generated will be analysed to identify conflict indicators and opportunities for peace building at local and regional levels, and will be disseminated to policymakers and regional early warning mechanisms.

PENHA-Somaliland has continued its support for ex-combatants under UNDP's DDR programme. It involves supporting rural livelihoods and business enterprises in order to help demobilized fighters to re-integrate into society and establish sustainable livelihoods. In March 2009, the final allocation of 1,689 goats and sheep were distributed to those beneficiaries who had handed in their arms.

Sudan

PENHA-Sudan registered the following achievements under the current program:

PENHA-Sudan got its license renewed in July 2009, enabling it to continue implementing programs in Sudan. PENHA Sudan is hosted by the Sudan University for Science and Technology at the outskirts of Khartoum Sudan.

PENHA signed two year collaboration Technical Agreement with the Animal Resources Research Corporation of the Ministry of Science and Technology (MOST) in order to be able to implement some of its programmes in Sudan.

Trustees' Report

PENHA also provided moral, technical and financial support towards the establishment of the Pastoralist Environment Association Kassala State (PEAKS) in Kassala State during 2009. The PEAKS is now legally registered and operating in Kassala State working among the most vulnerable pastoral peoples in the State. PEAKS have more than 1000 members and it is growing in strength.

A training visit was made by 8 members of PEAKS committee to Khartoum. This book place in the college of Veterinary Medicine and Animal Production of the Sudan University of Science and Technology and the Animal Production Research Centre of the ARRC.

A capacity building training exercise taken with PEAKS members to empower them in negotiating strategies against fodder factories (Halfa factory Kassela) and in storages methods. The aim being to allow the PEAKS cooperative to purchase fodder when is at low out of seasons price and so reduce costs for feeding their animals.

One Sudanese full time staff recruited as the Senior Finance and Admin officer has been recruited. Two Sudanese volunteers and two part-time technical advisors were also in involved in helping run PENHA's daily activities.

A Project Management Team/advisory group has been established consisting of five prominent Sudanese individuals whose job is to advice PENHA Sudan.

This year, PENHA-Sudan conducted a Socio-Economic Baseline Study using field assessments conducted in pastoral and agro-pastoral communities in Kassala State Eastern Suda. This study has been published on the PENHA website. This programme is supported by the Danida.

Identification of project implementation sites – women's groups were selected from three villages in Kassala State.

During January 2009 a Sudanese animal feed specialist Dr.Talal Mirghani from the Animal Resources Research Corporation (ARRC) visited Eritrea to give fodder training to 300 pastoralists and small farmers in Gash Barka Region of Eritrea.

PENHA and APRC are also in the process of publishing the joint research paper by PENHA and ARRC based on the findings of the research on alternative animal feeds carried out during 2008.

Eritrea

An evaluation has been carried out by PENHA in Eritrea in October 2009 to assess the livelihood impact of the fodder production programme under Oxfam Novib. Twenty-seven (27) of the former trainees as well as key informants from the local administration and the Ministry of Agriculture branch were interviewed in Sahmbuko, Forto-Sawa, Goluj and Tesseney. 81.4% of the respondents found that the training was very informative, 70.3% felt that the training increased fodder availability/choices, 66.6% said that the training – if properly applied - would increase the productivity of milk and 81.4% felt that the training has generally increased their capacities. 48.1% of the respondents were applying the new skills and producing fodder for their animals after the training, the remaining pastoralists felt that they needed additional guidance from PENHA or NUEYS to start the production of fodder.

Trustees' Report

PENHA in collaboration with its local partner NUEYS conducted also HIV/AIDS awareness raising and leadership training among pastoralist forum members under the ICCO programme for a Pastoralist Centre Development. The delayed construction of the centre compound (around 450sqm) has now been finalised and the official handover from the contactors took place in October 2009.

A market assessment for the centre was finalised in Goluj in January 2010 and several pastoralists and key informants were interviewed in this regard. A clear finding from this assessment is that the pastoralists and local policy makers would like to see the centre being developed into a dynamic production and market place rather than an information and resource centre. PENHA and NUEYS are currently working on a strategy to implement the recommendations of the market assessment study.

Trustees responsibilities

Charity account guidelines and generally accepted accounting principles which may be applied to charitable organisations requires trustees to prepare accounts for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the organisation and of the profit or loss for that period. In preparing those accounts, the trustees are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepare the accounts on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the organisation will continue in business.

The trustees are responsible for maintaining proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the organisation and to enable them to ensure that the accounts comply with the charities Statement of Recommended Practice (Charities SORP).

They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the charitable company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Auditors

A resolution to appoint Accounts Center Associates Limited as auditors was passed by the board of trustees at a meeting held in London on 12 June 2009.

This report was approved by the board on 28 May 2010.

Dr. Z. Fre Secretary

Independent auditors' report

to the Trustees of PENHA

We have audited the accounts of the PENHA for the period ended 31 December 2009 which comprise pages 4 to 8. These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the UK Charities SORP, under the historical cost convention and the accounting policies set out therein.

This report is made solely to the company's members as a body, in accordance with Section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As described in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of the accounts in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards.

Our responsibility is to audit the accounts in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and United Kingdom Auditing Standards.

We report to you our opinion as to whether the accounts give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the Directors' Report is not consistent with the accounts, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and transactions with the company is not disclosed.

We read the Directors' Report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it.

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with United Kingdom Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the accounts. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the accounts, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the accounts are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error.

In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the accounts.

Opinion

28 May 2010

Subject to the above, in our opinion the accounts give a true and fair view of the state of the project's affairs as at 31 December 2009 and of its surplus for the period then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985 and the UK Charities SORP.

Accounts Center Associates Limited Registered auditors 492 Gale Street Dagenham Essex RM9 4NU 020 8595 8333

PENHA

Statement of Financial Activities for the year ended 31 December 2009

		Unrestricted Funds	Restricted Funds	2009	2008
Incoming resources	Notes	£	£	£	£
Donations and other income					
Grants	2	2,972	292,020	294,992	191,343
Activities for generating funds		2,550	-	2,550	25
Investment income		77		77	3,371
Total incoming resources		5,599	292,020	297,619	194,739
Resources expended					
Charitable activities	4	-	217,605	217,605	126,274
Project support and administration	5	8,800	-	8,800	15,109
Fundraising and publicity	6	118	<u> </u>	118_	534
		8,918	217,605	226,523	141,917
Net incoming funds / (outgoing resources)		-3,319	74,415	71,096	52,822
Total funds brought forward		3,422	59,521	62,943	10,121
Total funds carried forward		103	133,936	134,039	62,943

There were no recognised gains or losses other than the results shown in the financial statements.

The notes on pages 6-8 form part of the financial statements.

Balance Sheet as at 31 December 2009

40 40 0 1 2000 iii.do. 2000	Notes		2009 £		2008 £
Fixed assets Tangible assets	7	-	363 363	-	546 546
Current assets Cash at bank	8	219,989		139,977	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year Net current assets	9	86,313	133,676	77,580	62,397
Total assets less current liabilities Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year		-	134,039	-	62,943
Net assets		-	134,039	-	62,943
Funds Restricted funds Unrestricted funds	10	- -	133,936 103 134,039	- -	59,521 3,422 62,943

The trustees acknowledge their responsibilities for:

The accounts have been prepared on an accruals basis and incorporates all income, costs, assets and liabilities for which invoices have been received and/or settled.

Mr Z. Quereshi	Mr Y. Fassil	
(Chairperson)	(Treasurer)	

Approved by the Trustees on 28 May 2010

ensuring that the organisation keeps proper accounting records which comply with the Charities SORP and generally accepted accounting principles; and

(ii) preparing accounts which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the project as at the end of the financial

year and of its surplus or deficit for the financial year.

Notes to the Accounts for the year ended 31 December 2009

1 Charity status

The charity is a company limited by guarantee, the liability of the members being limited to £1 each. The company is registered as a charity and is exempt from direct taxation.

2 Accounting policies

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable accounting standards and the Statement of Recommended Practice on Accounting by Charities (the Charities "SORP"), as revised in April 2005 and the Companies Act.

Grants

All grants are from donors for specific environmental research projects or for the purpose of defraying staff costs (and for the provision of office facilities and functions).

Restricted project funds

Funds received in respect of restricted pojects are credited direct to the individual restricted profit accounts which are then debited with payments made in respect of the project and with the costs of administering that project.

Overseas projects

Expenditure in respect of overseas projects is charged to the relevant project at the time of payment.

Foreign currencies

Transactions denominated in foreign currencies are recorded at the rate of exchange ruling at the dates of transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the exchange rate ruling at the balance sheet date.

Companies Act

The company has permission under Section 30(5) of the Company's Act 1985 to omit the word 'Limited'

Depreciation

Depreciation has been provided at the following rates in order to write off the assets over their estimated useful lives.

Equipment 25% straight line

3	Incoming resources	2009	2008
	-	£	£
	This is stated after charging:		
	Depreciation of owned fixed assets	183	183
	Auditors' remuneration	-	750
	Exceptional costs associated with introducing the Euro		
4	Charitable activities	2009	2008
		£	£
	Direct project costs	147,998	92,419
	Professional fees and consultancy	26,464	2,520
	Travel	8,936	8,480
	Vet-Aid costs	5,815	4,000
	Wages and salaries	28,392	18,855
		217,605	126,274

PENHA

Notes to the Accounts
for the year ended 31 December 2009

		2009	2008
5	Project support and administration	£	£
	Volunteer costs	150	2,200
	Rent, rates and insurance	350	5,942
	Insurance	-	334
	Printing, postage and stationery	1,225	785
	Telephone, fax and internet	1,703	2,118
	Books and publications	-	550
	Bank charges	643	539
	Accounting	-	750
	Bookkeeping	-	250
	Repairs and maintenance	-	80
	Depreciation	183	183
	Interest expenses	1,605	-
	General expenses	2,941	1,378
		8,800	15,109
•		2222	0000
6	Fundraising and publicity	2009	2008
	Namelattan	£	£
	Newsletter	-	- 40E
	Publicity	110	435
	Subscriptions	<u>118</u> 118	<u>99</u> 534
		110	554
7	Tangible fixed assets	Equipment	Total
•	. angle involusions		Total
•	-	£	£
•	Cost	£	£
•	Cost At 1 January 2009		
•	Cost At 1 January 2009 Additions	729 	£ 729
•	Cost At 1 January 2009	£	£
•	Cost At 1 January 2009 Additions At 31 December 2009	729 	£ 729
•	Cost At 1 January 2009 Additions At 31 December 2009 Depreciation	729 - 729	729 - 729
•	Cost At 1 January 2009 Additions At 31 December 2009 Depreciation At 1 January 2009	729 - 729 183	£ 729 - 729 183
•	Cost At 1 January 2009 Additions At 31 December 2009 Depreciation At 1 January 2009 Charge for the year	729 - 729 183 183	£ 729 - 729 183 183
•	Cost At 1 January 2009 Additions At 31 December 2009 Depreciation At 1 January 2009	729 - 729 183	£ 729 - 729 183
•	Cost At 1 January 2009 Additions At 31 December 2009 Depreciation At 1 January 2009 Charge for the year At 31 December 2009	729 - 729 183 183	£ 729 - 729 183 183
	Cost At 1 January 2009 Additions At 31 December 2009 Depreciation At 1 January 2009 Charge for the year	729 - 729 183 183	£ 729 - 729 183 183
	Cost At 1 January 2009 Additions At 31 December 2009 Depreciation At 1 January 2009 Charge for the year At 31 December 2009 Net book value At 31 December 2009	729 - 729 - 183 183 366	£ 729 729 183 183 366
	Cost At 1 January 2009 Additions At 31 December 2009 Depreciation At 1 January 2009 Charge for the year At 31 December 2009 Net book value	729 - 729 - 183 183 366	£ 729 - 729 183 183 366
	Cost At 1 January 2009 Additions At 31 December 2009 Depreciation At 1 January 2009 Charge for the year At 31 December 2009 Net book value At 31 December 2009 At 31 December 2009	729 	£ 729 729 183 183 366 363 546
8	Cost At 1 January 2009 Additions At 31 December 2009 Depreciation At 1 January 2009 Charge for the year At 31 December 2009 Net book value At 31 December 2009	729 - 729 - 183 183 366	£ 729 729 183 183 366 363 546 2008
	Cost At 1 January 2009 Additions At 31 December 2009 Depreciation At 1 January 2009 Charge for the year At 31 December 2009 Net book value At 31 December 2009 At 31 December 2009	183 183 183 366 363 546 2009	£ 729 729 183 183 366 363 546
	Cost At 1 January 2009 Additions At 31 December 2009 Depreciation At 1 January 2009 Charge for the year At 31 December 2009 Net book value At 31 December 2009 At 31 December 2008 Bank and cash	183 183 183 366 363 546 2009	£ 729 729 183 183 366 363 546 2008 £ 91
	Cost At 1 January 2009 Additions At 31 December 2009 Depreciation At 1 January 2009 Charge for the year At 31 December 2009 Net book value At 31 December 2009 At 31 December 2009 Bank and cash Cash	£ 729 729 183 183 366 363 546 2009 £ 52	£ 729 729 183 183 366 363 546 2008 £ 91 12,314
	Cost At 1 January 2009 Additions At 31 December 2009 Depreciation At 1 January 2009 Charge for the year At 31 December 2009 Net book value At 31 December 2009 At 31 December 2008 Bank and cash Cash Current account	£ 729 729 183 183 366 363 546 2009 £ 52 2,933	£ 729 729 183 183 366 363 546 2008 £ 91
	Cost At 1 January 2009 Additions At 31 December 2009 Depreciation At 1 January 2009 Charge for the year At 31 December 2009 Net book value At 31 December 2009 At 31 December 2008 Bank and cash Cash Current account Reserve account	£ 729 729 183 183 366 363 546 2009 £ 52 2,933 153,270	£ 729 729 183 183 366 363 546 2008 £ 91 12,314 98,012

PENHA

Notes to the Accounts
for the year ended 31 December 2009

9 Creditors: amounts falling due with	nin one year		2009	2008	
_	-		£	£	
Creditors and accruals			6,133	1,945	
Deferred income			80,180	75,635	
			86,313	77,580	
10 Restricted Funds		Incoming	Project	Deferred	
	01/11/08	resources	Expenses	income	31/12/09
Deferred income					
Oxfam-Novib	13,909	111,841	76,513	24,425	24,812
Danida	45,097	193,770	83,854	51,070	103,943
ICCO	-	24,824	24,283	-	541
Brentwood United Reform Church	-	3,686	3,686	-	-
Kassala Education (BBC 4 Appeal)	-	6,883	2,198	4,685	-
KM Harbinson Charity Trust	515	800	1,315	-	-
Hilden Charitable Trust	-	-	-	-	-
Opengate	-	4,650	4,650	-	-
The Noel Buxton Trust	-	2,790	2,790	-	-
EPRD	-	13,499	9,061	-	4,438
IIED		9,457	9,255	<u> </u>	202
	59,521	372,200	217,605	80,180	133,936

11 Change of accounting period

The accounting reference date for PENHA has been changed from 31 October to 31 December. These accounts have been prepared for the period 1 November 2008 to 31 December 2009.